



**United Nations**  
Framework Convention on  
Climate Change

# Climate risk and disaster management for climate resilience in CAR

21 to 24 February 2023

*Moroni, Comoros*

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# Background

- ❑ 5.4 million inhabitants for an area of 623,000 m<sup>2</sup>
- ❑ Vulnerable to the adverse impacts of climate change
- ❑ Recruited international consultant to develop 2 CNs through consultations with multi-stakeholders
- ❑ One of the adaptation priorities identified by the Country Programme
- ❑ Envisaged to submit a Project Preparation Proposal (PPF)

# Problem Statement

- ❑ Agriculture and livestock, account for 43.2% of the country's GDP, highly depend on climatic conditions.
- ❑ 1.7 million people's living conditions are exacerbated by catastrophic risks of climate-related disasters.
- ❑ Lack of a national policy, inclusive response strategies and operational plans
- ❑ Vulnerability of populations to risks and disasters

# Climate rationale

- ❑ The lack of human and material resources;
- ❑ The inexistence of a network or stations for data collection throughout the territory and information on the most vulnerable areas
- ❑ Difficulties in linking climate information production services to institutional stakeholders and communities
- ❑ Low capacity of existing agro-climatological and meteorological monitoring stations

## Main Activities/actions - projects to be implemented

- 1: Technical and operational capacity-building for climate risk management
- 2: Capacity-building in climate information delivery and its integration into national and local development plans and adaptive capacities
- 3: Building resilience to climate change at national, regional and community levels.



## ***Expected project results aligned with GCF investment criteria:***

- **Potential impact:** 1.7 million of vulnerable people, including women and youth.
- **Paradigm shift:** evidence-based early warning policies and practices in climate adaptation, risk reduction and multi-hazard.
- **Innovation :** Create an enabling environment for a new business model for the provision and development of climate-based services to different economic actors
- **Potential for scale-up:** A transformative impact on climate risk management
- **Sustainable Development Potential :** Long-term economic, social and environmental co-benefits. The integration of climate risks into decision-making.
- **Recipient Need :** Fundamental needs for an integrated climate risk management system.
- **Country ownership :** the Government of the Central African Republic will implement its adaptation priorities as identified in the NAPA and the NDC.
- **Effectiveness and Efficiency :** Using best practices and technologies to ensure a level of effectiveness and efficiency above standards. Generate significant co-financing from other financial partners of the CAR in order to minimize the total costs of implementation.



# Expected Results:

Component 1: Technical and operational capacity-building for climate risk management

- *Output 1.1: Improved climate observations, hydrometeorological monitoring capacity and infrastructure.*
- *Output 1.2: Strengthened modelling and impact-based predictions.*
- *Output 1.3: Harmonized vulnerability assessment and reporting on climate change impacts.*
- *Output 1.4: Strengthened modelling and impact-based predictions.*

Component 2: Capacity-building in climate information delivery and its integration into national and local development plans and adaptive capacities

- *Output 2.1: Institutional, policy and financial frameworks for climate information services and early warning*
- *Output 2.2: Climate information is accessed, analyzed and used.*

Component 3: Building resilience to climate change at national, regional and community levels

- *Output 3.2: Dissemination and communication of climate risk information and early warning messages*
- *Output 3.3 Sectoral and community awareness, education and awareness on climate risks*
- *Output 3.4: Strengthened community capacity to respond to climate risks and hazards.*



## Motivation or objective underlying the development of the project

- The project is a concrete response to the reduction of environmental risks, in particular relating to external events caused by climate change.
- It is a question of reducing the vulnerability of local populations to climate change and improving living conditions.

## Key factors to successfully evolve your project idea into a concept note submitted to the GCF

- The funding received by COMIFAC for the implementation of activities to prepare access to climate finance CAR (readiness project).
- The establishment by decree of the NDA
- Their capacity building on GCF
- Establishment of an expanded working group
- Recruitment of the international consultant who masters the procedures of the GCF;
- The willingness of political decision-makers



# Key challenges in developing your concept note:

- The outcome and submission to the GCF of the quest, because we could develop a concept note and not submit it especially since we started this fight since 2019 without having to submit it.
- Our perseverance has paid off because this project since 2019 has only changed entity accredited to WMO, FAO, WWF, UNDP.