Regional NAP EXPO for Asia Seoul, Republic of Korea, 11 to 12 September 2017

Day2 Session VII.C - Examples of the process and results monitoring relating to the process to formulate and implement NAP

[「]Adapting to the Changing Climate」 2nd NAP Monitoring and Evaluation Mechanism of Korea

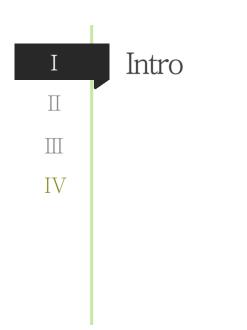
Korea Adaptation Center for Climate Change (KACCC) Korea Environment Institute (KEI)

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- III NAP 1st M&E Results
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I. Intro _1. Legal Framework for Adaptation

• Framework Act on Low Carbon Green Growth (April, 2010)



I. Intro_2. Progress on NAP

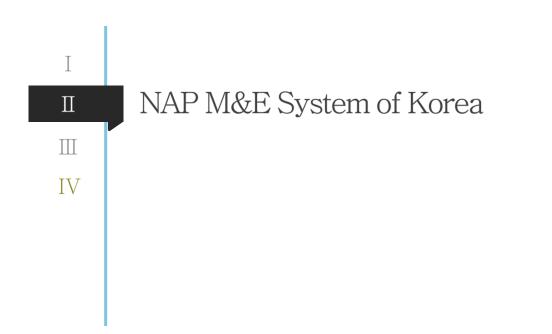
	National Climate Change Adaptation Master Plan (2008.12)	1 st National Climate Change Adaptation Plan* (2010.10)	2 nd National Climate Change Adaptation Plan (2015.12)			
Vision	To build safe society and	support green growth through	climate change adaptation			
Periods	2009-2030 (22years)	2011-2015 (5years)	2016-2020 (5years)			
Implementing Ministries	13 mi	nistries	20 ministries			
Features	 The first nation-wide official master plan for responding to climate change Suggest a national vision and directions toward adaptation policy Key action plan for low-carbon green growth, which is the national long-term vision Develop key indicators for climate change adaptation 	 Key C Suggest an adaptation plan → to achieve a long-term vision Limited to the effects for climate change adaptation Prepare a plan based on existing adaptation issues Regular monitoring of the implementation status 	 Changes> Differentiate mid and long-term goals for climate change adaptation at the national level Aim at creating co-benefits of mitigation and adaptation Harness science-based approach with impact and risk assessment of climate change Enhance monitoring on climate change impact and integrated performance assessment 			

* In December 2012, the 1st National Climate Change Adaptation Plan was revised based on impact analysis with Representative Concentration Pathways (RCP)scenario, which is used in the 5thIPCC Assessment Report.

I. Intro_2. Progress on NAP

The structure of 2nd NAP

Vision	Pathways towards Sa	afe and Happy Society f	or the Public thr	ough Climate Cha	nge Adaptation			
Goal	Clir	nate Change Risk Reduc	tion and Oppor	tunity Realization				
		1						
Principles	Sustainable Cl Development	imate Resilience for the Vulnerable	Science-based Measures	d Integrated Active Public Approach Participation				
	Science-Based Risk Assessment	 Establishing monitoring & p on climate change Developing Korean climate Monitoring on climate impa 	scenario	 Conducting vulnerability assessment & risk assessment Providing integrated information system 				
Policy Sector	Building a Safe Society	 Reporting the vulnerable to change Preventing and controlling put threat 		 Managing the vulnerable areas and facilities Responding to climate disaster 				
Sector	Strengthening Competitiveness of the Industrial Sector	 Enhancing adaptive capacit sectors Building a foundation of ada infrastructure 	-	 Developing climate change adaptation technologies Supporting Foreign Market Entry 				
	Sustainable Natural Resources Management	Securing biodiversityManaging climate change r	isk for ecosystem	 Restoring ecosysten habitats 	n and managing			
Implement- ing Basis	Building an Internal/External Implementing Basis	 Strengthening effectivenes policies Promoting local-level adapted 	·	 Enhancing internation Promoting public releducation on adapta 	ations and			



1. Legal basis

FEnforcement decree of the framework act on low carbon, green growth

Article 38 Establishment, Implementation, etc. of Measures for Adaptation to Climate Change

(3) In order to confirm the appropriateness, etc. of the execution of a detailed implementation plan under paragraph (2), the Minister of Environment may check the results of such detailed implementation plan with the head of each related central administrative agency, each Mayor/Do Governor and the head of each Si/Gun/Gu every year.

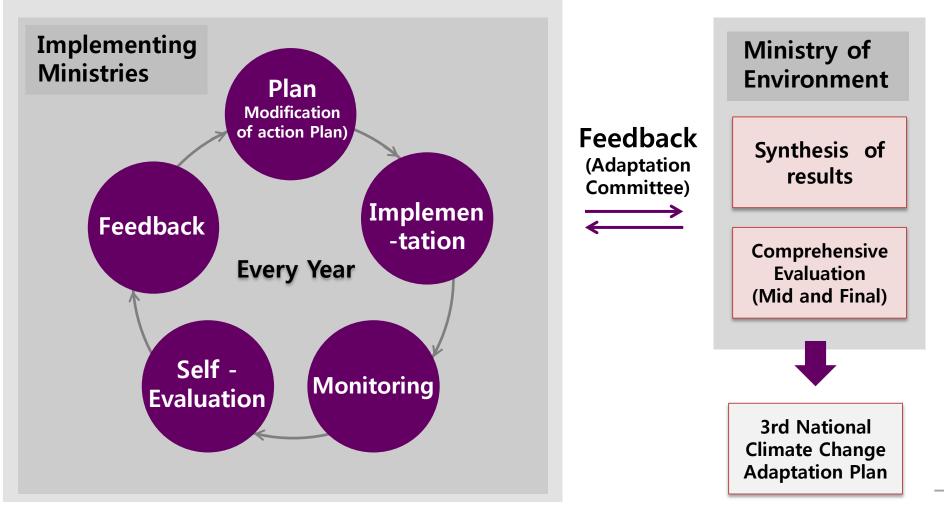
(4) The Minister of Environment may organize and operate a consultative body comprised of public officials belonging to the Senior Executive Service of related central administrative agencies for the formulation and execution of measures for adaptation to climate change under paragraph (1) and a detailed implementation plan under paragraph (2).

(5) Where the Minister of Environment **deems it necessary to formulate and execute a detailed implementation plan** under paragraph (2) and **to check the results** under paragraph (3), he/she **may request** the heads of related central administrative agencies, Mayors/Do Governors and the heads of Sis/Guns/Gus **to submit necessary data**.

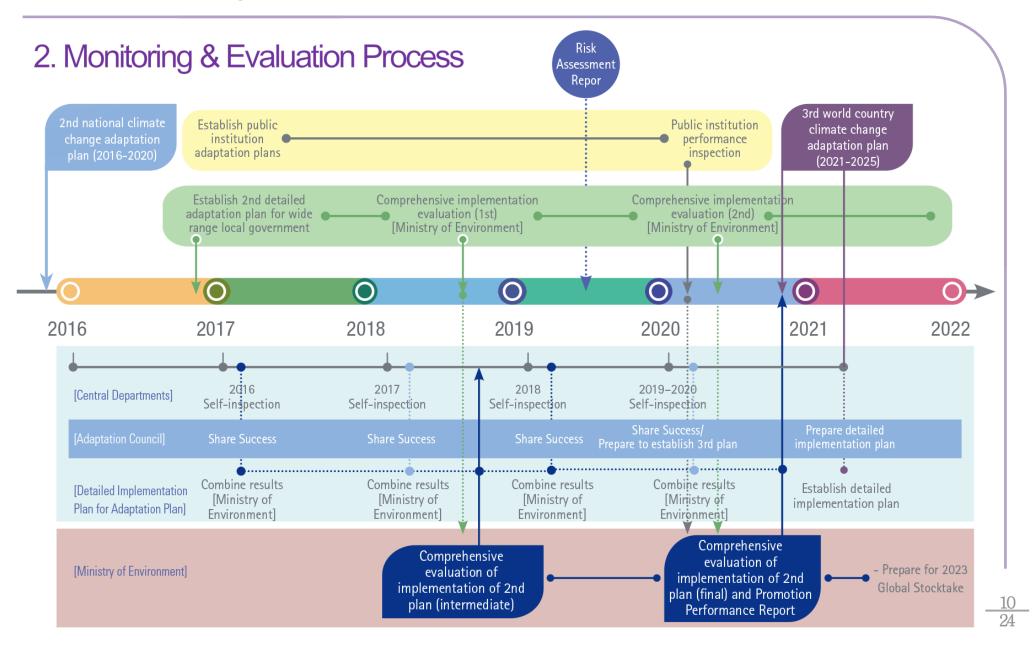
II. NAP M&E system

2. Monitoring & Evaluation Process

2nd National Climate Change Adaptation Plan



II. NAP M&E system





1. Overview

- (Objective) Strengthening effectiveness of the plans and increasing the responsibility of the implementing ministries by evaluating and circulating the implementation results of climate change adaptation action plan
- (Legal Basis) [Enforcement decree of the framework act on low carbon, green growth]
 Article 38 (3)
- (Target) 341 Detailed Actions and 100 Critical Actions
- Total 341 projects implemented by 19 Central Governments in 2016 'I-1-1-1' & 'I-1-1-7+' project level
- (Critical Action) Total 100 critical actions plans selected out of 341 detailed action plans, linking with 2nd
 National Adaptation Plans
- (Method) Integrated evaluation based on self-evaluation conducted by implementing ministries
- (Detailed Action Plans) checking on the levels of implementation and achievement of the plans as 'Well-implemented/ Delayed / Not-implemented'
- (Critical Action Plans) Evaluating the levels of implementation, cooperation & public reach, and effectiveness as 'Excellent/Fair/Poor'

1. Overview – Evaluation Criteria

All the 341 projects : Well-implemented /Delayed/Not implemented

Indicator	Method
 Level of implemen- tation 	 the level of implementation ⇒ level of budget executed =executed/planned budget(%) 90% ~ 100% (High), 70% ~ 89% (Mid), 70% ~ (Low)
2) Level of achievement	 the level of achievement processed/planned activities(%) 100% (High), 80% ~ 99% (Mid), 80% ~ (Low)
3) Main result and future plans	 presenting the main result and effectiveness of the result suggesting alternatives for under- implemented result

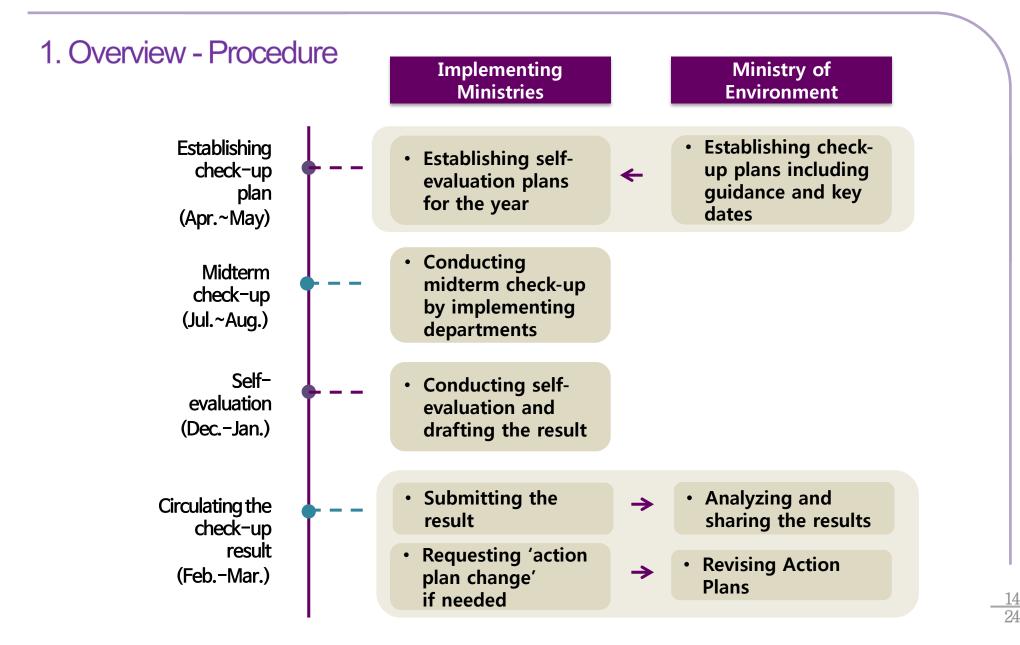
• 100 critical projects : Excellent/Fair/Poor

Method							
•Whether the project is implemented as planned in budget and time •Whether the project is implemented to meet the level of achievement as planned							
 Interaction and cooperation among implementing ministries for sharing information, reaching public, and education 							
•Any performance that can not be measured by indicators							

Synthesis Result framework matrix

Implementation Achievement	High	Mid	Low
High	Well- implemented	Well- implemented	Delayed
Mid	Well- implemented	Delayed	Delayed
Low	Delayed	Delayed	Not implemented

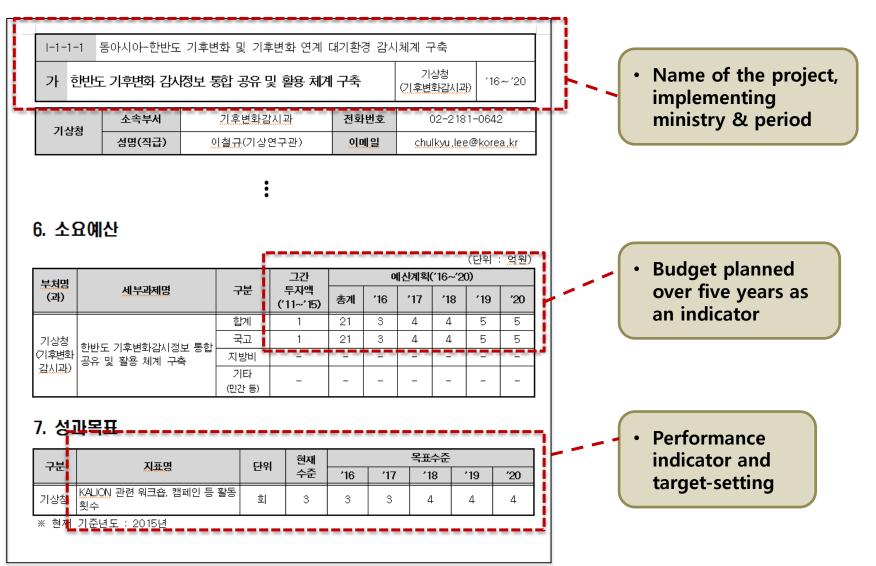
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2. Progress for the year

'17.02.10	 Established evaluation plans for the central governmental action plans Requested submission of the self-evaluation (MOE-Implementing ministries)
'17.05.19	• Submitted the self-evaluation (Implementing ministries \rightarrow MOE)
'17.06.05	• Re-submitted the revised self-evaluation (Implementing ministries- \rightarrow MOE)
ʻ17.06.16	• Circulated the integrated results (MOE \rightarrow Implementing ministries)
'17.06.20	Analyzed the implementation performance (MOE, KACCC)
'17.06.29	Shared the results in the climate change adaptation working group meeting
ʻ17.08.08	 Submitted alternatives or future plans for the delayed projects (Implementing ministries→MOE)

3. M&E on Action Plans – Action Plan and Indicators



High Mid High Mid Low

Low

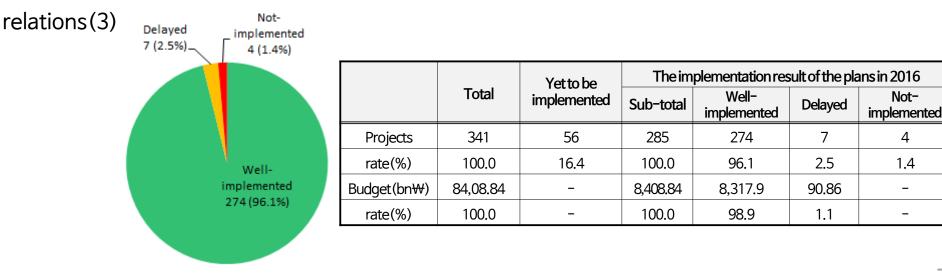
3. M&E on Action Plans – Self-Evaluation and Check up for 2016

제2차 국가기후변화적응대책 세부시행계획 목록			1. 이행집행 노력		2-1 목표달성 노력(정량지표) 2-2 목표달성 노력(정성지표)							#말장 5	도덕(성성^		3. 주요실적 및 향후 계획	중빙지	료(근거)	종합결과			
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특감사·예축체계 구축			-																		
후변화 및 기후변화 연계 대기황경 감시체계 구축		•	우수 90%~100%)					1									-				••
반도 기후변화감시정보 통합 공유 및 활용 체계 구축	기삼청	(기)기후변화감시과	보통 170%~89%)	구분	3	2.9 96.	7	1	Ī								l	<'16년 추진실적> o 2016년도 KALION 집중관측 캠페인을 위한 자료 전승 점검(3.15~3.25)			
	기상청	(기)기후변화감시과	미흡 (70%미만)	R H	3	2.9		KAL	eN 관련 워크	1 <u>6</u> ,			.					o 에어로돌 입체감시자료 분석과정(8.29~9.30) o 제3차 KALION 워크슾(8.29)	○ 기후병		
	기상청	(기)기후변화감시과		Bι	la	get	우수 (90%~100	196) <mark>1 캠프</mark>	ON 관련 워크 인 등 활동 총 (회)	원수 3	3		우수 00%)					<'17년 추진계횥>	622(2) o 기후빈 2132(화감시과-	정상추진
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	188구 환경부	(왕)국립왕영과박원 (황)군립황경과합원	-F	ate	3 5	as a	n _e	환경		개발 70	In	al	ca	toı	rS			3. 환경탑재제 조립완료(9월) 4. 환경탑재체 성능시험방안 마련(10월)	수출신고필 지구함경연 지구함경연	2)-1200	정사소네
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3. M&E on Action Plans – Result

341 Detailed Actions

- (Target Project) 285 Projects (83.6%) are subject to checking on self-evaluation
 2016 out of total 341 projects (the rest of the projects are yet to be implemented)
- (Results) 274 Well-implemented(96.1%), 7 delayed(2.5%), 4 Not-implemented(1.4%)
- Delayed : Due to the low level of budget execution and external reasons
- Not-implemented: Due to budget not executed(1) and deterioration of the inter-Korea



Yet to be implemented 56 (16.4%)

Plans in 2016

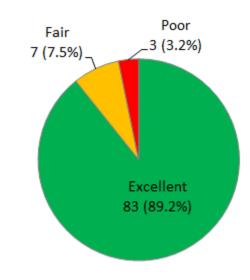
285 (83.6%)

3. M&E on Action Plans – Result

100 Critical Actions

- (Target Projects) 93 Projects are subject to checking on self-evaluation in 2016 out of total 100 projects (the rest of the projects are yet to be implemented)
- (Results) 83 Excellent(89.2%), 7 Fair(2.5%), 3 Poor(3.2%)
- Fair : Budget execution and Project delayed due to external reasons
- Poor: Due to budget not executed and deterioration of the inter-Korea relations

	Theimpl	ementation res	sult in 2016	Yet to be	Tatal	
	Excellent	Fair	Poor	implemented	Total	
Projects	83	7	3	7	100	
Rate(%)	83.0	7.0	3.0	7.0	100.0	
Budget(bn₩)	4,535.88	501.78	0.42	-	5,038.08	
Rate(%)	90.0	9.9	0.1	-	100.0	



Yet to be mplemented 7 (7%)

Plans subject

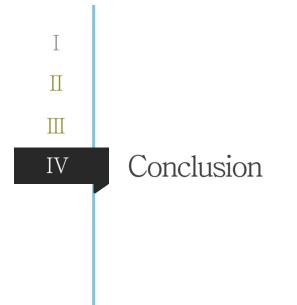
to checking 93 (93%)

4. Sharing the results

Climate Change Adaptation Working Group Meeting (Jun.29th, 2017, MOE meeting room)

- (Objective) Strengthening effectiveness of the plans and increasing the responsibility of the implementing ministries by evaluating and circulating the implementation result of climate change adaptation action plan
- (Participants) 23 officials from Central governments
- (Discussion and Result)
- Review on budget execution rate as an indicator
- Review on introduction of the evaluation system by external expertise
- Amendment of (Detailed) Action Plans at a certain time
- The usage of implementation results



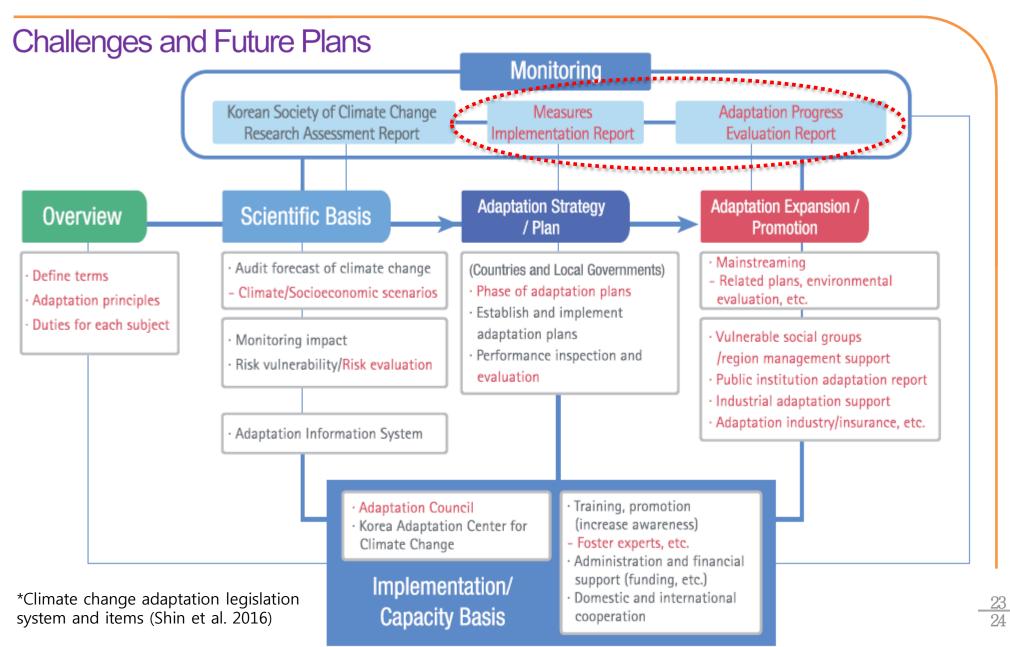


IV. Conclusion

Challenges and Future Plans

- Improved the national adaptation capacity through two times of national adaptation planning experiences
- Set up a comprehensive implementation system by establishing sectoral, metropolitan & municipal-level implementation plans
- Reviewing the valuation criteria and evaluation system
- In what level(Project or Policy direction), budget execution rate as an indicator be measured
- The need for quantitative method, evaluation system conducted by the external expertise can be considered
- Raising awareness of importance of adaptation actions within the government
- Delivering implementation results and effectiveness of the adaptation policy to the public
- Structure and implementation of 'Monitoring and evaluation' in Korea are also making and ongoing process
- It's consistently needed to share and learn each other with countries already experienced monitoring and evaluation for successful implementation of NAP

IV. Conclusion



Thank you for your attention

http://ccas.kei.re.kr/english2014/eng2014_index.do

