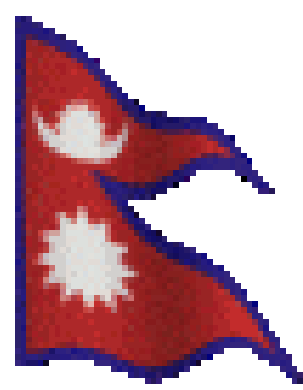




# **Nepal's experience in accessing support for NAPs**



## **Regional NAP Expo Asia**

**Seoul, Republic of Korea**

**11-12 September 2017**

**By**

**Raju Babu Pudasani,**

**Chief, Sustainable Development and Adaptation Section,**

**Ministry of Population and Environment**

**Government of Nepal**

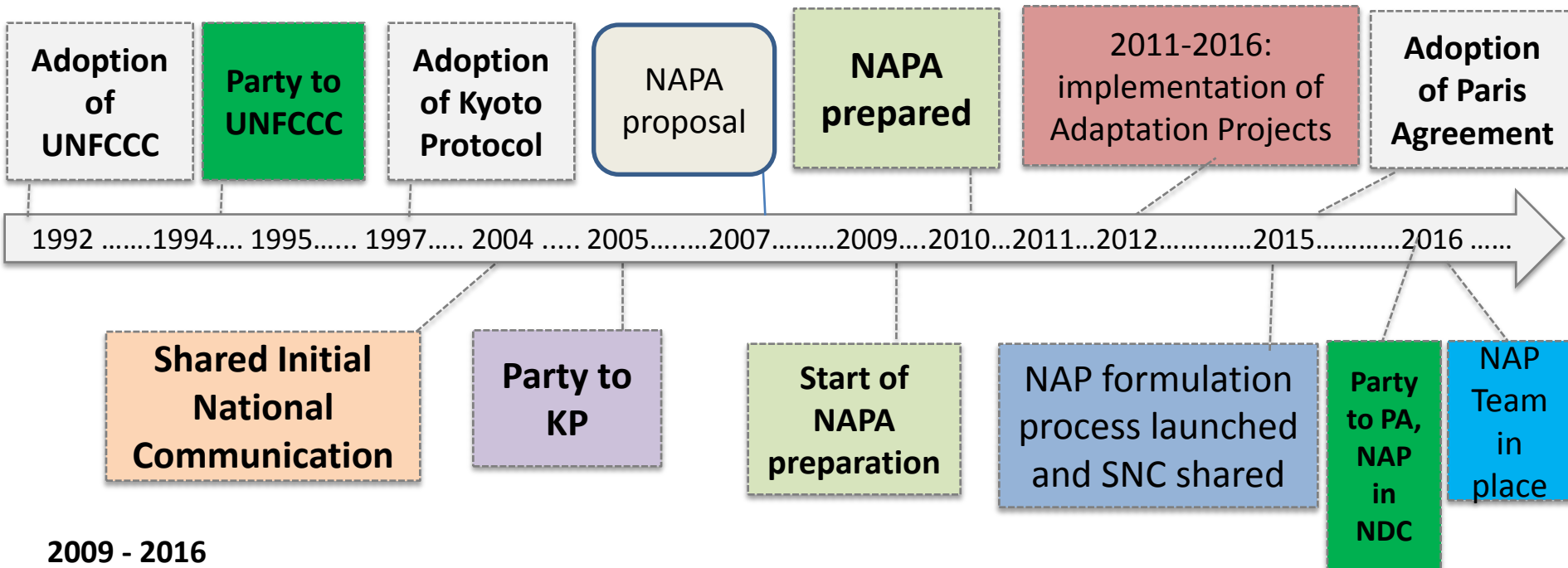
# Presentation Outlines

- Climate Change and Nepal
- Our efforts in CC Adaptation
- NAP Road map (NAP Completion)
- Developing a proposal
- Activities under taken,
- Major outputs,
- Reflection on the lessons learnt
- Challenges
- Way forwards,

# Climate Change and Nepal

- **Key vulnerabilities- Disadvantaged/Marginalized People and Communities, Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services and Development Infrastructures.**
- **Drivers of vulnerability- topography, altitudinal variations, poverty and low adaptive capacity.**
- **Diverse and multiple vulnerabilities**
- **Highly vulnerable to climate induced hazards and disasters:**
  - **Flood,**
  - **Glacier Lack Outburst/Glacier Melting,**
  - **Drought,**
  - **Landslide,**
  - **Soil Erosions,**
  - **Avalanche,**
  - **Cold Wave,**
  - **Heavy Rainfall,**
  - **Wind Storm/Snow Storm,**
  - **Thunderbolt**
  - **Forest fire.**
  - **Epidemic**

# Our efforts in Climate Change Adaptation



## 2009 - 2016

- **Adaptation initiatives:** Start of NAPA preparation process, NAPA-prioritised and LAPA projects on the ground
- **Institutional strengthening:** Climate Change Section (2008) and CC Management Division at MoPE (2010) and REDD & CC Unit (2009) and REED Implementation Centre (2014)
- **Coordination mechanism:** Climate Change Council, 2009; Multi-Stakeholder CC Initiatives Coordination Committee, 2010; and Climate Change Coordination Committee, 2011
- **Instruments:** NAPA (2010), Climate change policy (2011), National Framework on Local Adaptation Plan for Action (LAPA, 2011), Climate Change Budget Code (2013), and Nationally Determined Contribution (2016)
- **International coordination and Representation:** Chair of the LDC Group (2013-2014), LDC Expert Group (2014-2015), Adaptation Committee (2016), Rapporteur (SBSTA) and members (LEG + Loss & Damage WIM)
- Climate change adaptation in national policies and programmes etc. etc.

# Establishing linkages

Sustainable Development Goals  
(all goals linked except goal 14 related to ocean..), 2015

Sendai Framework on  
Disaster Risk Reduction,  
2015

Stakeholder  
Input

NAP

Guidance from  
policy  
stakeholders

Outcome of the  
HABITAT III, 2016

National and Local  
Development  
policies and priorities

# Guiding approach for NAP

- Establishing working groups to coordinate the thematic areas/sectors
- Utilising existing coordination mechanism and employ **inter sector collaboration** for improving effectiveness and building synergy
- Building capacity and employing enhanced understanding on climate change adaptation
- Building ownership and avoiding duplications
- Promoting multi-stakeholder engagement
- Aligning with national policies and linking with recent initiatives (DRR and SDGs)

**Contd..**

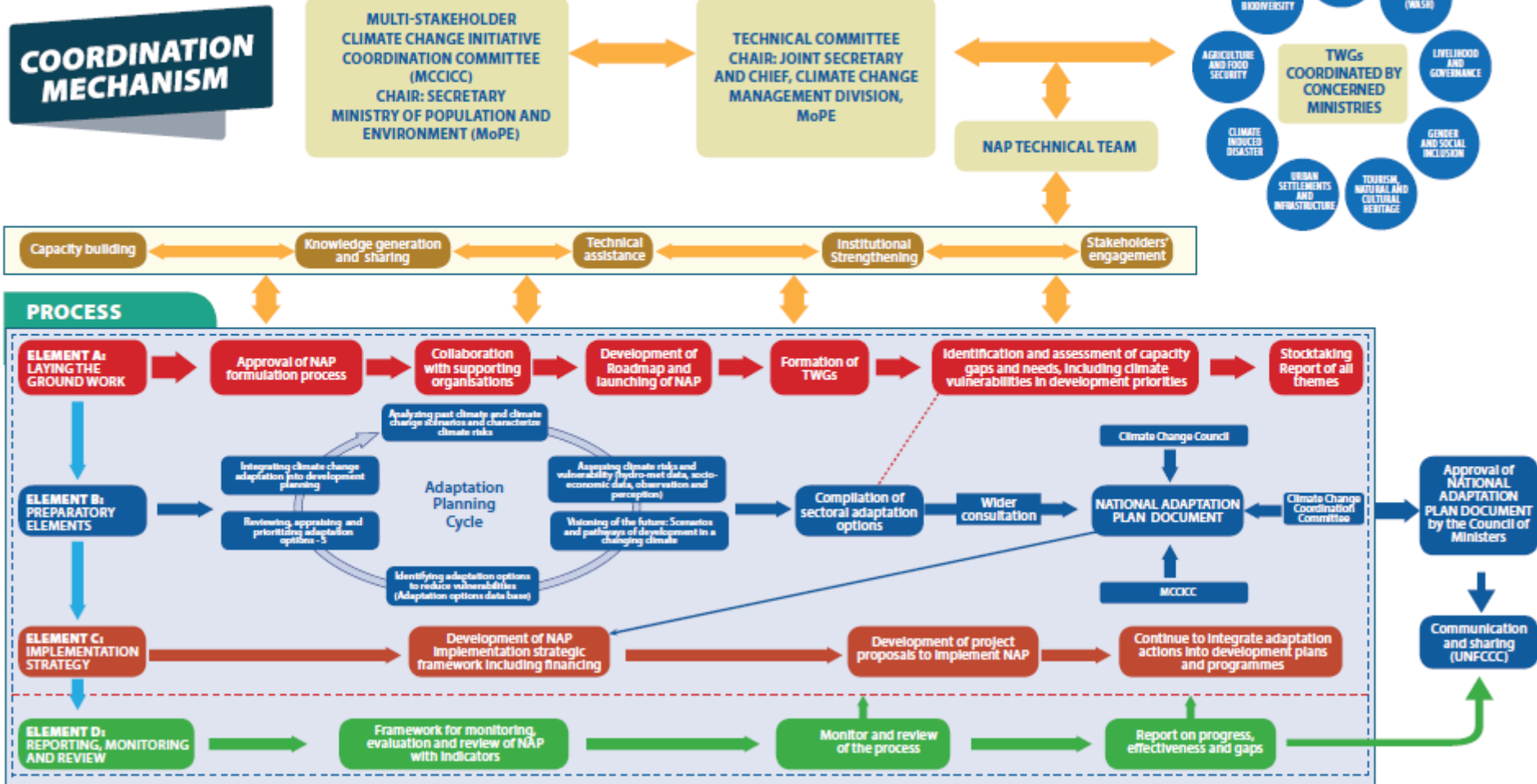
- Ensuring gender sensitivity and inclusiveness
- Focusing for poor and rural people
- Generating, communicating and utilizing knowledge and good practices available
- Emphasizing traditional and local knowledge on ecosystem--based and community--based adaptations activities
- Making infrastructures adaptive and climate resilient



# NAP Formulation Process

## NATIONAL ADAPTATION PLAN FORMULATION PROCESS IN NEPAL

**Approach:** 'Development first', country-driven, gender-sensitive, participatory and inclusive, concerned ministry-led working groups, synergizing EbA and CbA, and linking with DRR framework and SDGs processes





# Developing a proposal

Based on the lessons learnt from NAPA, LAPA and past efforts and following the emphasis of Paris Agreement, 2015 to be developed NAP for all countries Government of Nepal took early action:

- Starting discussion with UN Environment to develop NAP Proposal,
- Consulting Multi-stakeholders,
- Working very closely with NDA to GCF- Ministry of Finance
- Building on ongoing efforts and national ownership,
- Developing proposal together with delivery partner,
- Engaging with Green Climate Fund,
- ❖ Celebrated final decision in Marrakesh

# Activities under taken,

- Documents review,
- Documentation of past lessons/experiences,
- Stakeholder identification,
- Multi-stakeholder consultation,
- Working very closely with NDA to GCF,
- Develop readiness and preparatory support proposal together with the stakeholders,
- Develop detailed proposal together with delivery partner
- Communication of the proposal and Implementing Agency to GCF by NDA
- Negotiation by NDA,

## Major outputs,

**NAP development process is ongoing. However, we have achieved following major outputs;**

- Enhanced common understanding,**
- Shared experiences at appropriate forums,**
- Formed and mobilized Working Group, defining and building clarity on WGs functions[roles & responsibilities]**
- Developed Knowledge products [Publications and dissemination and distribution of reports]**
  - Stocktaking report of all nine sectors
  - Capacity gap and needs assessment report
  - Sector training materials
  - NAP process flow chart, Climate Change info-graphics, NAP short video, NAP stakeholder chart and Approach paper (English and Nepali)
  - Stocktaking Synthesis Report
  - Vulnerability and Risk Assessment Framework and Indicators
  - Observation of climate trend analysis Report (1971-2014)
- Received US\$2.9 Millions from GCF to complete NAP,**
- Enhanced national capacity on NAP,**
- Strengthened communication and coordination among stakeholders**

# Challenges faced

- Start effective implementation of NAP GCF readiness and preparatory project in Nepal. In this regard, we are closely working with UN Environment and stakeholders.
- There is no template to date for the NAP GCF Proposal.
- No clear guideline or indicators of what constitutes a fundable proposal for NAP. (After the Paris COP, there is a mixed signal on the Fund's priority to support country priorities. )

# Reflection on the lessons learnt

The GCF can support LDCs in a numbers of ways in the NAP development process and implementation.

- Country can develop a fundable proposal for NAP by engaging delivery partners/accredited entities.
- It is equally imperative that multilateral implementing entities redouble their efforts to establish and make their own development, review and internalization procedures to support NAP process.
- The GCF can further streamline its support for implementation of adaptation interventions in countries that emanate from their NAPs.

# Way Forward

Nepal has received funding from GCF (2.9 Million USD) for completing the NAP process.

- GoN will prioritize vulnerability and risk assessment, adaptation options and develop adaptation planning in next phase of GCF support
- A wider multi-stakeholder consultation will be carried out across Nepal to get input from local stakeholders and communities in identifying the adaptation strategies for NAP
- Work closely with local government to ensure that adaptation priorities are built on local needs and aspirations ,
- Develop priority programmes/projects aligning with GCF,
- Work closely with NDA for GCF for implementing agency and fund supports,
- Implement priority programmes/projects,
- Mainstream thematic priorities envisioned by NAP in sectoral policies, programmes/projects,
- Continue monitoring and reporting,
- Document and disseminate lessons learnt and best practices in national and international forums,
- Promote research and development,
- Review and update policies, plan, strategies regularly

# Acknowledgement

Supporting Institutions: TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL

- UK Government's Department for International Development (DFID)
- Action on Climate Today (ACT)
- Oxford Policy Management
- Practical Action
- ICIMOD
- WWF Nepal
- CARE Nepal
- All 9 Working Group members and stakeholders
- GCF,
- UN Environment

# Thank you very much

Website: [www.napnepal.gov.np](http://www.napnepal.gov.np)